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A. Synthetic leather vehicle headlining (tensioned lining)

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution, MB textile upholstery cleaner, MB plastic cleaner.

Procedure:

Apply thinly and evenly with a lint-free cloth to avoid liquid entering through the fine perforations.

Note:

Do not use solvents (benzine or similar). This destroys the surface of the synthetic leather.

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B. Textile vehicle headlining (finished lining)

See fabric upholstery.

C. Safety belts

Cleaning agent:

Soap and water.

Procedure:

Apply with lint-free cloth and rub dry.

Note:

Do **not** use solvents (benzine or similar).

D. Instrument cluster, steering wheel and gear shift lever (standard version)

Cleaning agent:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution.

Procedure:

Wipe with moist, lint-free cloth.

Note:

Do **not** use abrasive cleaning agents to avoid scratching the surfaces.

Do **not** bring the acrylic covering on the instrument cluster and the Mercedes star in the steering wheel in contact with solvents and cleaning agents containing solvents. (This could cause stress cracks).

E. Leather steering wheel, leather gear shift lever

See leather upholstery.

F. Plastic covering parts

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution
MB plastic cleaner.

Procedure:

Wipe and polish with moist, lint-free cloth.

Note:

Do **not** use abrasive cleaning agents to **avoid** scratching the surfaces. Do **not** bring textile surfaces in contact with MB plastic cleaner (formation of stains).

Do not bring acrylic covering on the instrument cluster in contact with plastic cleaner (risk of stress cracks). Other agents (e.g. cockpit spray) which create a shining surface are not permitted because of reflections.

G. MB-TEX upholstery

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution, MB textile upholstery cleaner, MB plastic cleaner.

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Procedure:

Wipe with a moist, lint-free cloth and polish. Apply thinly and evenly to avoid fluid penetrating through the perforations into the upholstery material below.

Note:

Do not use solvents (benzine or similar). The MB TEX surface is attacked by these, color changes may result. As a result of contact with non-colorfast sheepskins or clothes (e.g. suede leather) the upholstery may discolor. These stains cannot be removed. A fabric intermediate layer protects the upholstery against contact discoloration when using sheepskins.

H. Leather upholstery

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution, MB textile upholstery cleaner, MB leather care agent.

Procedure:

Regularly wipe with a moist cloth and dry. Remove dirt and contaminations with MB auto shampoo immediately if possible. Dirt which remains should be cleaned with MB leather care agent. Then apply MB leather care agent to the entire seat and rub lightly after drying.

Note:

Perforated leather must not become wet on the reverse side in order to avoid discoloration; therefore clean carefully and, in particular, dry well. Leather may be subject to electrostatic charges. In order to avoid this it is necessary to treat the leather regularly with MB leather care agent.

Contact with non-colorfast sheepskins or clothes (e.g. suede leather) may discolor the leather upholstery. These stains cannot be removed. A fabric intermediate layer protects the leather upholstery against contact discoloration when using sheepskins.

I. Fabric upholstery

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution, MB textile upholstery cleaner, MB stain remover.

Procedure:

Brush and vacuum seat regularly. Remove dirt and stains immediately if possible. Remove dry dirt such as dust, ash etc. with a vacuum cleaner. If this is not possible, for instance with dry deep-seated dirt, brush seat with a nylon or natural bristle brush (not a metal brush) and vacuum.

Severe stains and dirt should first be cleaned with a wash solution. Soak up the wash solution with an absorbent rag or paper towel and dry (with a hair dryer if required). If this is not successful, clean with stain remover after drying. Use a rag soaked with MB stain remover for this purpose.

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Dissolved stain substances should generally be soaked up with an absorbent rag or paper towel and dried.

Note:

Stains cannot always be removed without marks remaining at the edge. In this case, the individual wad, the entire part or the entire surface must be uniformly cleaned.

K. Velours upholstery

Cleaning agents:

MB auto shampoo as wash solution or dry foam, MB textile upholstery cleaner, MB stain remover.

Procedure:

Brush and vacuum frequently. If fuzz is formed, vacuum frequently with a powerful vacuum cleaner, brush with a fuzz roller if required.

If stained or very dirty, clean with dry foam, use MB stain remover for stubborn stains. Pressure areas (flat pile), which may be caused by moisture and heat, produce a marked appearance. These seat reflection stains can be removed by moist brushing, steaming up (e.g. with the device from Kärcher) or by treating with dry foam.

Note:

Do not make use of damp upholstery to avoid the formation of further pressure areas. Dry the upholstery with warm air (e.g. with a hair dryer).

L. Amaretta upholstery

Cleaning agent:

Light-duty detergent as wash solution.

Procedure:

Brush and vacuum regularly. Remove dirt and stains as soon as possible.

Removing dust, ash etc.:

Remove dirt with a vacuum cleaner. If this is not possible, press an adhesive tape on to the dirt and pull off. Then brush with a nylon or natural bristle brush (not metal brush).

Water-soluble stains and dirt edges:

beer, wine, juice etc. can be removed with neutral soap or light-duty detergent as wash solution.

With a clean cloth dipped in the wash solution, moisten the stain and rub away avoiding hard rubbing on the material surface. Then clean again with a clean cloth and clear water, allow to dry and brush.

Oil and grease stains:

Clean only with dry foam or with soap and water. Then vacuum upholstery well and repeat the cleaning process several times if required.

Note:

Do not use solvents (e.g. benzine or similar) or cloths moistened or soaked with solvents. The color of the material will be deteriorate.

M. Floor coverings, hat shelves and other textiles

See fabric upholstery.

Note:

Carpets can also be cleaned by the spray-vacuum procedure with carpet-cleaning machines (e.g. Equipment from Kärcher or similar).

N. Soft top (textile fabric with intermediate rubber layer)

Place the soft top into the soft top well only when it is completely dry. With prolonged storage in the well, fold out soft top from time to time and air well with opened windows.

Remove bird excrement immediately. The organic acid causes the rubber to swell up resulting in leaks.

Never use sharp-edged devices to remove snow and ice.



Never use gasoline, thinners, tar remover, stain remover or other organic solvents to clean the soft top, side windows or rear window. Use a moist cloth dipped in soap and water as a wash solution to clean the side windows and rear window and then rub dry.

Dry cleaning

Brush or vacuum the soft top with a soft brush, always in the same direction - from the front to the rear.

Wet cleaning

Brush soft top dry. Wash soft top fabric with plenty of lukewarm water and neutral detergent. For this purpose wipe with a soft brush or sponge, always in the same direction - from the front to the rear. Always rinse with clear water.

Allow soft top to dry in air in the stretched condition.

If only some areas are washed, wet the entire soft top at the end.